THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

Disclaimer :

This document is heavy in legal definitions and may need to be read several times and at a slower pace than usual. Take your time. You are responsible for yourself and your own actions. If you act on what you do not understand and cannot support in law, the consequences are entirely your own responsibility. This synopsis does not constitute practice of law or giving legal advice. It is for informational purposes only and does not include solutions to this discovery. It has for purpose to make you aware. That said lets get started already.

This exposé is a continuing process to further our understanding of the **slave/master** relationship that we are all affected by at different levels of our lives. For the extraordinary challenges of appearing in court in one's own person- there are few sources of information. Learning to defend ourselves, that is, being **responsible** instead of turning over yet another area of our lives to professionals may be the only way of digging ourselves out of legal tyranny. Perhaps the biggest problem we face today is the widespread legal illiteracy. Naturally there are those who don't care about these issues with the excuse of:

- Being supported by such a system
- Believing that nothing can be done about it
- Not having the energy, time, money, etc (that's nice, lets see what's on TV).

All these excuses are good and valid but that's all they are EXCUSES!

We often hear people, sitting in their living room, complain about the system and all the wrongs with it but they do nothing to change or influence it. Well for these people there is a remedy and it's to EXCUSE themselves. For the rest of us there exist powerful solutions to be learned and mastered.

We were not put on this Earth to be statutory slaves for the benefit of a handful of secret world manipulators,

The starting point of the whole game: your name

You have been deceived and betrayed, because of your kindness and trust. However by merely confronting the exact nature of the con you can be free of it. Life no longer needs to be a dangerous and unpredictable affair. You have been swindled out of your birthright, your sovereignty, by a lexical artifice: *corruption of your name*.

C John Doe" signifies a true name (Christian name, plus family name) in accordance with the rules of grammar and prescription of law, "JOHN DOE," on the other hand would not. Seems harmless doesn't it? A variant of the true name, yes—but the operative term is *corruption*, and is anything but harmless.

Names of men appearing in the ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS, and even abbreviated versions of true names with initial letters only capitalized, are corporate/corporately colored renditions of the *true name* and **do not identify** the being associated therewith;

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

such names represent **property**, specifically intellectual **property**, though this fact is overlooked by almost everyone in society but the legal vampires whose existence is predicated on exploitation.

CORPORATE NAMES

Corporations can spell out their TRADE NAME in any format, in any assemblage of letters—set in capitals, in lower case only, intentionally misspelled, with numerals, and even non-lingual symbols.

"SUNOCO", "Office DEPOT", "HONDA", "Kmart", "YAMAHA", "SEARS",

"U-HAUL", "Toys 4 Tots", "Toys 'R' Us", etc..

Corporate trade names are not restricted by the bounds of English grammar or the prescription of the law because they are one of a kind object of intellectual property and signify a unique, artificial person, a legal entity distinct from all others. Even your spellchecker on your personal computer acknowledges this fact. EG:

WalmartWALMARTZellersZELLERSEssoESSO

All words that start with a cap are subject to the rules of grammar and thus underlined in red to indicate non-conformity. The all caps are not subject to the rules. Legally speaking, there is a term for that identifies such entities: *"ens legis,"* defined as follows:

30UCTION WITHOUT

"Ens legis. L. Lat. A creature of the law; an artificial being, as contrasted with a natural person. Applied to corporations, considered as deriving their existence entirely from the law." <u>Black's Law Dictionary, Fourth Edition, 1951, hereinafter</u> <u>"Black's 4^{th."}</u>

"Ens legis" is the precise legal description of the ALL-CAPITAL-LETTERS-NAME, straw man, trade name.

ANALYZING THE OBVIOUS

Examine all your *corporate* papers, driver's license, credit cards, bank statements, traffic tickets, and government agencies. They all insist on dealing with you only in all caps for contracts, accounts, etc. The military also designates its personnel exclusively in all caps.

THE BASIS OF THE CON

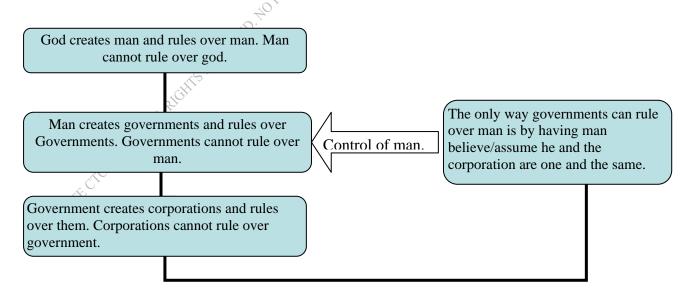
UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

Many grammar books and legal publications identify permissible methods for displaying proper nouns (names), one of which is the **U.S. Government style manual**, **A Manual of Style (2000).** Chapter 17, "Courtwork." Spells out with examples acceptable ways for presenting names, 52 variations in all, and never **once** recommends an all-caps name format in court paperwork. Without exception the names of plaintiffs and defendants etc. are in all-capital letter format. Since there is no legal authority requiring that proper nouns/names be set in capital letters why is the practice permitted, enforced? Let's take look at a landmark court case:

Supreme Court case of 1795, Penhallow v. Doane's Administrators (3 U.S. 54; 1 L.Ed. 57; 3 Dall. 54), defines governments: *"governments are corporations."* Inasmuch every government is an *artificial person*, an abstraction, and a creature of the mind only, a government can interface only with other artificial persons.

It is fairly obvious that a thing created can never be greater that the creator.

- 1) God created man, and rules over man; therefore man can never be greater than God.
- 2) Man created government, an artificial entity, as a service facility/slave; therefore government can never be greater than, nor rule over, man.
- 3) Government then created corporations and corporately colored entities (also artificial persons/slaves), for the purpose of ruling over them (collecting revenue); therefore a corporation/corporately colored entity can never be greater than, and can never rule over, government that brought it into existence. Here is what the hierarchy looks like:



1. For man to be ruled over he had to be tricked in the artificial sphere and it all started with the registration of the trade name via the birth certificate and omitting to inform the people of the creation of the newly created, *ens-legis*, corporate-franchise, citizen, **trade name**.

For information, documents, dates of conferences, how to secure your "STRAWMAN," contact *br* SYM INFO@UCC1-207.COM

THE BASIS OF THE CON

2. They deceived the sovereign flesh-and-blood man, and unknowingly "voluntarily" contracting as **surety** for the trade name, concealing from their victims their new status, but enforcing the new obligations without benefit of explanation.

"Surety. A person who is primarily liable for the payment of another's dept or the performance of another's obligation." Black's Law Dictionary, Seventh Edition, 1990, hereinafter "Black's 7th."

A sovereign man can be treated as the equivalent of his inert, inanimate, artificial, paper-and-ink, corporately colored counterpart (STRAWMAN) through assumption. WRITTERCONSCENT.DR

Oran's Dictionary of the Law; "assume" means:

- 1. To take up or take responsibility for; to undertake.
- 2. To pretend
- 3. To accept without proof

Oran's Dictionary of the Law defines "assumption" as;

"Formally transforming someone else's debt into your own debt. Compare with guaranty. The assumption of a mortgage usually involves taking over the seller's 'mortgage debt' when buying property (often a house).

Now, what happens if all the meanings for the word *assume* are combined? In a literal and definitive sense, the meaning of "assume" would be: To pretend acceptance, without proof, that someone has taken responsibility for, has guaranteed, or has received a dept.

"A man of straw, one of no substance, put forward as bail or surety." Black's 1st.

If we apply all this in defining all-caps name, it is an assumption or pretension that the juristic person=tegal entity named has received and is responsible for a dept of some sort. Use of the name "JOHN DOE" in place of the proper name "John Doe" implies an assumed dept guarantee without any offer of proof. The danger behind this is that if such an unproven assumption is made, unless the assumption is proven wrong, it is considered valid.

What happens if the proper name i.e., "John Doe", answers for or assumes the fabricated name, "JOHN DOE"? The two become one and the same.

Let's examine some definitions:

THE NAME GAME THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

BLACK'S 1St "NATURAL LIFE"; The period between birth and natural death, as distinguished from civil death.

For example, when the physical body (human being) ceases to function and thus dies, the civil (legal entity, ens legis, creature of the law..) death only occurs 1 year later. After the body dies the legal fiction lives on for accounting purposes (commerce) to resolve the will, income tax, and transfer of property and so on and so forth. The physical body (human being) is dead but the creature of the law lives and can live forever such as a corporation can.

NATURAL PERSON: A human being, as opposed to artificial or fictitious "persons," such as corporations. The phrase "natural person" does not include corporate entities, but the phrase "person," without qualification, may or may not include artificial persons, depending on the context. Thus, the phrase "no person" in the Fourteenth Amendment's equal protection clause has been held to include natural and artificial persons, but the same phrase "no person" in the fifth Amendment's "privilege against self-incrimination" clause has been held to include only natural persons and not corporations since the privilege is personal and may not be asserted by and artificial person. BARRON'S 3 RD.

The civil code of Québec states in article one:

1. Every **human being** possesses **juridical personality** and has the full enjoyment of civil rights.

JURISTIC: (ADJ)of or relating to law. A corporation is a typical example of a juristic person. BLACK'S 7 th

Black's 1st PERSONALITY: In modern civil law. The incidence of a law or statute upon persons, or that quality which makes it a *personal law* rather than a *real* law. "By the personality of laws, foreign jurist generally mean all laws which concern the condition, state, and capacity of persons."

PERSON: noun. per'sn. [Latin persona; said to be compounded of per, through or by, and sonus, sound; a Latin word signifying primarily a mask used by actors on the stage.<u>Webster's 1828 Dictionary.</u>

PERSONS are divided by law into natural and artificial. Natural persons are such as the God of nature formed us; artificial persons are such as are created and devised by human laws, for the purpose of society and government, which are called "corporations" or 'bodies politic.' **Black's 1st**.

"PERSONS" are of two kinds, natural and artificial. <u>In law, a human being is called a</u> *"natural person."* Artificial persons include a collection [corporation aggregate] or

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

succession of natural persons [successive officeholders in a corporation sole] forming a corporation. Black's 4th.

In law, an individual or incorporated group having certain legal rights and responsibilities. This has been held to include foreign and domestic corporations. Precise definition and delineation of the term has been necessary for purpose of ascertaining those to whom the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution affords its protection, since that amendment expressly applies to 'persons'. **Barron's 3rd**.

PROPER. Gram. A. (of a name, noun, or adjective) designating a particular person or thing, written in English with an initial capital letter: John, Chicago, Monday, American...<u>ACED. (American College Encyclopedic Dictionary, 1959)</u>

Note: A true name has an initial capital letter only. There is no provision in the rules of English grammar for proper nouns to be written any other way, including an all-capital letters format. An all-capital letters name is a legal artifice, existing only "by force of or in contemplation of law."

CAPITAL (LETTER). ADJ. (of letters) of the large size used at the beginning of a sentence or as the first letter of a proper name. <u>ACED.</u> (American College <u>Encyclopedic Dictionary, 1959</u>)

Note: Names written in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS are artificially constructed names of artificial persons.

ALL-CAPITAL-LETTERS-WRITTEN. See note.

Note: A proper name appearing in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS falls outside the rules of English grammar, which authorizes the use of a capitalized letter only for a very limited number of well-defined uses, such as the initial letter of a proper name. A capital letter is defined as: "(of letters) of a large size used at the beginning of a sentence or as the first letter of a proper name." <u>ACED. (American College Encyclopedic Dictionary, 1959)</u>

JURISTIC PERSON. See note.

Note: **Black's 7th** mentions juristic person under the definition of "artificial person," which is defined under "person".

PERSON. ... An entity (such as a corporation) having the rights and duties of a human being...Black's 7th.

ARTIFICIAL PERSON: An entity, such as a corporation, created by law and given certain legal rights of a human being; real or imaginary, who for the purpose of legal reasoning is treated more or less as a human being---also termed fictitious person; juristic person; legal person...BLACK'S 7th

THE BASIS OF THE CON

LEGAL NAME. A person's full name as recognized by law, consisting of a first name (usu. given at birth or at a baptism or christening) and a last name (usu. family name). **Black's 7th** (under "name".)

Note: One's "*legal name*" is the name of the *legal person* "recognized in law." The only names recognized in law are those of artificial persons and are written in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS. Your straw man's TRADE NAME is your true name corrupted into an ALL-CAPITAL-LETTERS format. "recognized in law"=existing by force of, or in contemplation of, law=legal name=juristic name=juristic person=artificial person.

WHAT ENGLISH GRAMMAR REFERENCE BOOKS SAY

The <u>Manual on usage & style</u>, Eighth Edition, ISBN I-878674-51-X, published by the Texas Law Review in 1995. Section D, CAPITALIZATION, paragraph D: 1:1 states:

"Always capitalize proper nouns..[Proper nouns], independent of the context in which they are used, refer to specific persons, places, or things (e.g., Dan, Austin, Rolls Royce)."

Paragraph D: 3:2 of section D states:

"Capitalize People, State, and any other term used to refer to the government as a litigant (e.g., the People's case, the State's argument), but do not capitalize other words used to refer to litigants (e.g., the plaintiff, defendant Manson)."

Either no attorney, judge, or law clerk in Texas (the problem is the same here in Canada) has ever read the recognized law style manual that purports to pertain to them, or the act is deliberate violation of the rules for undisclosed reasons. In either ignorance ("ignorance of the law is no excuse") or violation (one violating the law he enforces on others is acting under title of nobility and abrogating the principle of equality under law) of law, they continue to write "PLAINTIFF", "DEFENDANT", "THE STATE OF TEXAS" and **proper names** of parties in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS on every court document.

ELEMENTS OF STYLE

Another well-recognized reference book is <u>*The Elements of Style*</u>, Fourth Edition, ISBN 0-205-30902-X, written by William Strunk, Jr. and E.B. White, published by Allyn & Bacon in 1999. Within this renowned English grammar style reference book, only one reference is found regarding capitalization, located within the Glossary at "proper noun," page 94, where it states:

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

COM

"The name of a particular person (Frank Sinatra), place (Boston), or thing (Moby Dick). Proper nouns are capitalized."

There's an obvious and legally evident difference between capitalizing the first letter of a proper name as compared to capitalizing every letter used to <u>portray</u> a name.

THE NEW OXFORD DICTIONARY OF ENGLISH

Oxford University Press publishes the <u>New Oxford Dictionary of English</u>. Considered the foremost authority on the British English Language, this dictionary is also designed to reflect the way language is used today through example sentences and phrases. We submit the following definitions from the 1998 edition:

"Name. <u>Noun</u> 1 A word or set of words by which a person, animal, place, or thing is known, addressed, or reffered to: my name is Parsons, John Parsons. Kalkwasser is the German name for limewater. <u>Verb</u> 3 Identify by name; give the correct name for: the dead man has been named as John Mackintosh. <u>Phrase</u>. 2 In the name of. Bearing or using the name of a specified person or organization: a driving license in the name of William Sanders."

Newbury house Dictionary of American English

From the <u>Newbury house Dictionary of American English</u>, published by Monroe Allen Publishers, Inc., 1999:

"<u>name</u> n. I [C] a word by which a person, place, or thing is known: her name is Diane Daniel."

We can find absolutely no example in any recognized reference book that specifies or allows the use of all capitalized names, proper or common. There is no doubt that a proper name, to be grammatically correct, must be written with only the first letter capitalized, with the remainder of the word in a name spelled with lower case letters.

NASA

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) has published one of the most concise U.S. government resources on capitalization. NASA publication SP-7084, **Grammar. Punctuation, and Capitalization. A Handbook for Technical Writers and Editors**, was compiled and written by the NASA Langley Research Center in Hampton, Virginia. At chapter 4, Capitalization, they state in 4.1 introduction:

"Sentence style calls for capitalization of the first letter, and proper nouns of course."

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

INCORPORATING

When you want to incorporate a company they insist, on the application that the name be in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS (JUST LIKE ON YOUR BIRTH CERTIFICATE. COINCEDENCE?). If you think that you are the true owner, try to shut down the corporation without their permission. You will discover that you **do** need their permission to shut it down and that you the supposed owner, only have the power to request a permission. The creator is the owner/master (government gives you permission to use and follow their rules for the corporation), period. When you need permission for anything that is supposed to be yours, then you are not the true owner. Another example of this is when you bought land and you need permission to cut down a tree. If it was really yours, couldn't you do what you see fit with that property without asking for a permit or license (permission)?

LICENSE. When the power is exercised by municipal corporations, a license is the requirement by the municipality, of the payment of a certain sum by a person for the privilege of pursuing his profession or calling, whether harmful or innocent, for the *general* purpose of producing a reliable source of revenue. **Bouvier's 8th**.

A license is a tax. **Bouvier's 8th.**

In the law of contracts. Permission, granted by a competent authority, conferring the right to do some act which without such authorization would be illegal, or would be a trespass or tort. Also the written evidence of such permission. Black's 1st.

If I am the true owner how can I do something illegal to myself or trespass on myself? Truth be told, today we do not own our land. Through trickery, the government has positioned itself as the real owner. Our status of owning land has been reduced to mere renter. Try not paying the municipal taxes and you will see who really owns that real estate.

We could elaborate but, (this is the subject of why You NEED THE UCC) the point being that all corporations are registered in ALL-CAPITAL LETTERS and no other way. The reason for this is as the government is a fiction and can create other bastard fictions. Let's move on.

CIVIL CODE OF QUÉBEC. 2004

Let's examine another section of the civil code and what it says about us human beings; CIVIL CODE OF QUÉBEC PRELIMINARY PROVISION

THE BASIS OF THE CON UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005 The Civil Code of Québec, in harmony with the Charter of human rights and freedoms and the general principles of law, governs **persons**, relations between **persons**, and **property**.

BOOK FOUR. **PROPERTY.** TITLE ONE. **KINDS OF PROPERTY AND ITS APPROPRIATION**

CHAPTER I KINDS OF PROPERTY

899. Property, whether corporeal or incorporeal, is divided into immovables and movables.

905. Things which can be moved either by themselves or by an extrinsic force are **movables**.

906. Waves or energy harnessed and put to use by man, whether their source is movable or immovable, are deemed corporeal movables.

907. All other property, if not qualified by law, is movable.

Here is the validation that the man will be considered by law as a moveable thus property and we also now know the meaning of PERSONS (definitions on page 5 & 6) and the code applies to PERSONS. We can claim all commercial rights on this property (is it yours or not?) to fend away would be sharks, starting from the top, UCC (Uniform Commercial Code), PPSA (Personal Property Security Act)Canada, and possibly in Québec, the RPDRM(we are at present January 2005, researching this).

PROPERTY

A name is a piece of property; IT IS NOT THE LIVING, BREATHING, FLESH AND BLOOD MAN ASSOCIATED THEREWITH and can even be *trademarked*. YOU ARE NOT YOUR PROPERTY/NOT YOUR NAME. Ask yourself this; are you your car? Are you your house? **If not, how can you be your name?** Take a moment of pause on this one.

When someone asks for your name—and you give it to him—you voluntarily surrender your **property** and consensually agree with whatever he wants to do with it. If we stopped being volunteers could that help?

YOU MADE A CONFESSION WHEN ENTERING SOCIAL SECURITY

In Helvering v. Davis (301 U.S. 619, 57 S.Ct. 81 l.Ed. 1307, 904), the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that Social Security is neither an insurance nor a retirement program, but a welfare program. Because of this fact, application for, and use of, a Social Security Account Number, for one thing, is a confession that you are incompetent in managing your own affairs and must appoint the government as your "guardian" and seek eligibility for welfare payments. Such defective status is also known by other

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

names, such as "child of the state" or "ward of the court" and is legally known as "parens patriae", where the state is considered legal parent/guardian of those "under disability" and "unable to take care of themselves."

When you paid the first penny of the straw-man's social security payroll taxes you executed the contract and confirmed your straw-man and you by default the surety-was a child of the state, incapable of managing its own affairs, and needful of guardianship.

"Parens patriae: [Latin" parent of his or her country] The state regarded as a sovereign; the state in its capacity as provider of protection to those unable to care for themselves. Black's 7th THEORIC

SUI JURIS THROUGH THE USE OF THE UCC

SUI JURIS. Lat. Of his own right; possessing full social and civil right; not under any legal disability, or the power of another, or guardianship. **Black's 4th**.

Sui juris is the proper legal definition of sovereignty. Don't you think? HONWITHO

Why the UCC?

The UCC Department is the proper and supreme forum for establishing on the record who has first claim to what, and whom is the Secured Party (creditor) and whom is the Debtor. Not only does it apply to the United Sates, it is part of a larger network covering most parts of the world.

"The UCC is overseen by the "The International Association of Corporation Administrators" (IACA). "IACA was organized and incorporated in Louisiana in April 1978. Initially, the name of the organization was the National Association of State Corporation Administrators (NASCA) and included only the corporation directors of the United States. In 1980, the scope was extended to take in the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) directors and the name was changed to the current name to reflect the expansion to international memberships in Canada and Great Britain and affiliate relationships with the Australian and Trust Territories jurisdictions (See UNCISG). The scope has since been expanded to include all business entity and personal property secured transaction registries and their supporting information technology directors, in all parts of the world."

Source: IACA Homepage www.iaca.org

"It took a very long time, more than 50 years, to carry that strategy to full fruition in the United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (UNCISG). That task is now complete and the UNCISG has been acceded to by most major trading nations around the globe... Other strategies for dealing with the need to harmonize commercial law have been adopted along side the UNCISG. In Europe, the

For information, documents, dates of conferences, how to secure your "STRAWMAN," contact Dr SYM INFO@UCC1-207.COM

THE BASIS OF THE CON U

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

UNCISG has been supplemented by the Rome Convention on Contractual Choice of Law.(1) This Convention pursues a different strategy, one that seeks to clarify the legal setting for international transactions by providing rules for choosing among competing national substantive laws. This strategy may be contrasted to the UNCISG, which insists that international transactions are different, with their own special rules." Source: Improving the UCC, 1977

The use of the UCC in conjunction with proper commercial contracts, we emulate those who have mastered the world. What has been accomplished can be duplicated for you so you are the master of your existence.

We use the UCC because it is the supreme international law. It even says so right in the code itself.

UCC § 1-103.

Supplementary General Principles of Law Applicable. Unless displaced by the particular provisions of **this code**, the principles of law and equity, including the law merchant and the law relative to capacity to contract, principal and agent, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, bankruptcy, or other validating or invalidating cause shall <u>supplement</u> its provisions.

Now that we know that all other laws are under the UCC, we establish our commercial claim (lien) from the top down. We file a UCC 1 Financing Statement (there are many documents to be included to be fully protected), then use the other Laws of the country to supplement it and that would be the PPSA (Personal Property Security Act) for Canadians and possibly the RPDRM in Québec to solidify and add more weight to our claim.

I can hear it now. Some will say, **"they can change the law to fit their needs."** Here is what the code says:

UCC § 1-104. Construction Against Implicit Repeal. This code being a general act intended as a unified coverage of its subject matter, no part of it shall be deemed to be impliedly repealed by subsequent legislation if such construction can reasonably be avoided. UCC.

Note: Nothing in the UCC has ever been repealed, nor can it ever be. In the event of **conflict between a deleted section and a current section, the deleted section controls; i.e. nothing is ever actually deleted.** If this is examined one will see that it cannot be any other way. Potentially countless commercial transactions can be consummated based on the current UCC at any given time. To "cancel" any portion of the UCC at a later point is to throw into upheavel and chaos all commercial agreements that were based on the deleted portion, an act that would carry unimaginable astronomical liability for any of the actors who attempted to effect such a change.

THE NAME GAME THE BASIS OF THE CON ALL CRIME IS COMMERCIAL.

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS All crime is commercial 27 CFR 72.11

"Commercial Crimes. Any of the following types of crimes (federal or state): Offences against revenue laws; burglary; counterfeiting; forgery; kidnapping; larceny; robbery; illegal sale or possession of deadly weapons; prostitution (including soliciting, procuring, pandering, white slaving, keeping house of ill fame, and like offenses.); extortion; swindling; and confidence games; and attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or compounding any of the foregoing crimes. Addictions to narcotics drugs and use of marijuana will be treated as if such were commercial crime."

After reading that paragraph you must realize that all crime is commercial and will be treated as commerce. Now that we know this all we really need to know of all the 62 millions of codified law is the UCC. Why is this? Think about it, in any crime there will be a commercial transaction of money or property to settle the crime. When there is a commercial transaction, under what law will it be? For those that figured it out, you may move to the front of the line. Any and all litigation (private and public), police, tax collector, government official, etc all want to force (legal term is *duress*) us into some sort of commerce with them. Today there exists over 62 million codified laws and more being added every day so, what are your chances of going about a day without breaking ED. NO REPRODUC one of these codes?

WHY ME?

All accounts, certificates, licenses, permits etc. are in the *ens-legis*, straw-man trade name (conduit, transmitting utility). They are all the straw-mans accounts and **not yours**. You are the **surety** attached thereto, and the party that everyone goes after for payments and performance because, you are the only one with the warm breath capable of fogging a mirror.

When some corporate/governmental entity is coming after you for payment you will never see your true name listed as the account holder (initial letters only capitalized) in the caption of their legal briefs, only the TRADE NAME of your straw man. Why? This is the only way they can do business—and that is exactly and only what it is: **business**. You are a sitting duck waiting to be blasted until you rectify the situation—and this is where the concept of "redemption" comes in.

The only way to win the game is to be first creditor on private property. That is what we are talking about. We put a heavy lien on private property (STRAWMAN NAME) and then put a usage fee (high enough to discourage even the most hungry predator) for anyone wanting to trespass on this property that is payable to the human being through the use of private contract. Take note now, this is **not** a procedure to make money but a procedure for peace. This is a defensive tool and should not be used to attack.

For information, documents, dates of conferences, how to secure your "STRAWMAN," contact Dr SYM INFO@UCC1-207.COM

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

EG.. Your x-wife is after you for more money and you don't want to pay. If you go and hire a lawyer the costs just skyrocket and who makes the money in the end? Your ex and the lawyer. The other solution (when your documents are done) is to send the lawyer your prepared documents putting lawyer and x-wife on notice of the high usage fee (eg..\$300 000.00US) and that if they still want to do commerce with you that you would be happy to comply. If the lawyer writes back to you it means that he has accepted your tacit contract (benefit) and he will have written your name several times in the documents sent to you by registered mail or bailiff (your proof of unauthorized use). Let's say he wrote down the name 3 times, you bill 3 X \$300000.00=\$900 000.00 minus what they want from you (eg \$25 000). Who wins now? It doesn't matter what you are accused of (we never argue the accusation anyway) or what they are after because the game is the same and it's called business (commerce). Almost always they leave you alone right there and then, no courts. Peace at little cost (no lawyer).

What is really hilarious here is that all lawyers consider the UCC as just being an administrative law. Let me tell you, if you are being pursued by a lawyer, revenue agent, or the like, all they want is money or property that will translate to commerce= administrative law. All laws will lead to an exchange of property/money. Think about it.

"Without prejudice"

It is so important to know and understand the meaning of 'Without prejudice', in connection with your signature. It is very likely that a judge (if you make it in court. We use procedures to not go to court) will ask you what it means. So please learn and understand this carefully: The use of -'Without prejudice' in connection with my signature indicates that I have reserved my Common Law right not to be compelled to perform under any contract that I did not enter into knowingly, voluntarily, and intentionally. And furthermore, I do not accept the liability associated with the compelled benefit of any un- revealed contract or commercial agreement. Once you state that, it is all the judge needs to hear. Under the Common Law, a contract must be entered into knowingly, voluntarily and intentionally, by both parties, or it can be declared void and unenforceable. You are claiming the right not to be compelled to perform under any contract that you did not enter into knowingly, voluntarily and intentionally. And you do not accept the liability associated with the compelled benefit of any unrevealed contract or agreement. You should use "Without Prejudice" or "All rights reserved" with your signature for reservation of rights. (0²

E.g. By Jehn Dee Agent Without prejudice

"... unless the **assumption** (page 4) is proven wrong, it is considered valid." If you do not reserve your rights then you have no rights.

THE BASIS OF THE CON

UPDATED APRIL 15, 2005

Conclusion

Do not expect to understand the UCC at a glance. You have to realize; "It took a very long time, more than 50 years, to carry that strategy to full fruition in the United Nations Convention on Contracts...(UNCISG)." This is a huge code.

CODE; A system used for brevity or <u>secrecy</u> of communication, in which arbituary chosen words, letters, or symbols are assigned definite meanings. Webster's. A collection, compendium or revision of laws. A complete system of positive law, scientifically arranged and promulgated by legislative authority. **Black's** 4^{th} .

Note: All "law" today is code, and as such must be deciphered/decoded thus, the need for a lawyer (decipherer/decoder). Now you know why they say; "you need a lawyer".

The knowledge of the UCC and its application of is in constant evolution, being expanded, refined thus is dynamic just like our lives are, so is *commerce*. We need to understand the UCC and put it to our benefit and not let the currency owners of this earth enslave us through commerce as they are so willingly now? Yes you are a slave until your commercial status changes from debtor to creditor. This can be done through the UCC and PPSA. We want for people to take power (suijuris) back into their own hands. It's not for everyone, so think and feel...if this is for you. I wish I could say this is an easy path but that would be bending the truth in a U-TURN.

There is so much to say on this subject that this work could not be considered complete and I hope enough has been said to awaken some interest to do research and come to your own conclusions. I invite you to read "WHY YOU NEED THE UCC" and "STRAWMAN" THE UNTOLD STORY. Both these documents will be educational and help you understand and be the master of the "STRAWMAN".

Your move.....

ACED = American College Encyclopedic Dictionary, 1959 Barron's 3rd = Barron's Law Dictionary, Third Edition, 1991 Black's 1^{st} = Black's Law Dictionary, First Edition, 1891 Black's 4^{th} , 5^{th} , 6^{th} , 7^{th} . Respectively 1951, 1979, 1990, 1999. Bouvier's 6^{th} = Bouvier's Law Dictionary 1856

This document has been prepared in a condensed version with great care. It has taken over 4 years of research and 8 months to produce this document (and is still updated periodically.